

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

<b>COMPANY NAME:</b>	AMERICAN INDUSTRIES, INC.	<b>PRODUCT NAME:</b>	<b>SPX-50</b>
<b>ADDRESS LINE 1:</b>	4300 Kahn Drive, Box 1405	<b>PRODUCT CODE:</b>	1640
<b>ADDRESS LINE 2:</b>	Lumberton, NC 28359-1405 USA	<b>PRODUCT USE:</b>	Clear Gel Lubricant With PTFE
<b>TELEPHONE NUMBERS:</b>	800-753-5153 (or) 910-738-7224	<b>SDS FILE ID:</b>	1640.08
<b>EMERGENCY PHONE:</b>	<b>CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300</b>	<b>SDS DATE:</b>	2017-06-27
		<b>REPLACES VERSION DATED:</b>	2015-06-01- <i>and all prior versions</i>

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable aerosol. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes serious eye irritation.
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known
Supplemental Information	None

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures	CAS number	%
<u>Chemical name</u>		
Butane	106-97-8	20-40
Acetone	67-64-1	10-20
Naphtha (petroleum), Light Alkylate	64741-66-8	10-20
Propane	74-98-6	10-20
Other components below reportable levels		10-20

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptom/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Dizziness Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

#### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General Fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Refer to SDS and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Collect spillage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid contact with eyes. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Level 3 Aerosol.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<u>Components</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Value</u>
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

#### US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<u>Components</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Value</u>
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL TWA	500 ppm 250 ppm
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm

#### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<u>Components</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Value</u>
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3 250 ppm
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

#### Biological limit values

#### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

<u>Components</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Determinant</u>	<u>Specimen</u>	<u>Sampling Time</u>
Acetone (CAS 67-74-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

\* For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

#### Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

#### Other

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection	If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations:	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Color	Not available
Form	Aerosol
Physical state	Gas
Flash point	-156.00 °F (-104.4 °C) Propellant estimated
Initial boiling point/boiling range	132.89°F (56.05°C) estimated
Melting point/freezing point	Not available
Odor	Not available
pH	Not available
Solubility(ies)	Not available
Vapor density	Not available
Vapor pressure	40 – 60 psig @ 70F estimated
Viscosity	Not available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit-Lower	1.8% estimated
Flammability limit-Upper	12.8% estimated

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure	
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Inhalation	No adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

<u>Components</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Test Results</u>	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	<u>Acute</u> Dermal LD50	Guinea pig	>7426 mg/kg, 24 hours >9.4 ml/kg, 24 hours
		Rabbit	>7426mg/kg, 24 hours >9.4 ml/kg, 24 hours
	Inhalation LC50	Rat	55700 ppm, 3 Hours 132 mg/l, 3 Hours 50.1 mg/l
	Oral LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg 2.2 ml/kg
	Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	<u>Acute</u> Inhalation LC50	Mouse
Rat			1355 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), Light Alkylate (CAS 64741-66-8)	<u>Acute</u> Dermal LD50	Rabbit	>1900 mg/kg, 24 hours
		Inhalation Vapor LC50	Rat
	Oral LD50	Rat	4820 mg/kg
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	<u>Acute</u> Inhalation LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes 52%, 120 Minutes
		Rat	1355 mg/l 658 mg/l4h

\*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

### Components

### Species

### Test Results

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50

Fish LC50

Water flea (*Daphnia magna*)

Rainbow trout, donaldson trout  
(*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)

21.6-23.9 mg/l, 48 hours

4740-6330 mg/l, 96 hours

\*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone -0.24

Propane 2.36

Butane 2.89

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT



#### US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100): Not Listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a):

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Naphtha (petroleum), Light Alkylate (CAS 64741-66-8)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List:

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community right to Know Act:

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-know Law:

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. California Proposition 65:

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### International inventories

<u>Country(s) or region</u>	<u>Inventory name</u>	<u>On inventory (yes/no)*</u>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

**Important Note:** *To be the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However there is no assumption of liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Since the conditions of handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer/supplier, the manufacturer/supplier will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.*

\*\*\*End of SDS\*\*\*